

ECN System for MEthanation (ESME)

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A large, semi-transparent watermark or background image of a dandelion seed head is positioned diagonally across the page. The seeds are a vibrant yellow-orange color, and the background of the image shows a blurred landscape with green trees and blue sky.

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Vienna, 4 June 2015

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1. Introduction

- ECN: development of technology for efficient production of SNG from biomass gasification → MILENA and OLGA.
- Patented technology for methanation of gas from biomass gasification: ECN System for MEthanation (ESME).
- ESME designed especially for gas from BFB, CFB and allothermal gasifiers (e.g. ECN MILENA, TUV FICFB).



1. Introduction

- ESME concept: smart sequence of the different units:
 - More efficient conversion of producer gas from BG to SNG because HC (e.g. benzene) are not removed but converted → available for conversion to CH₄.
 - Prereformer: simultaneous HC reforming and methanation.
 - Reduced compression cost.
- Main parts of the system extensively tested downstream atmospheric gasification.

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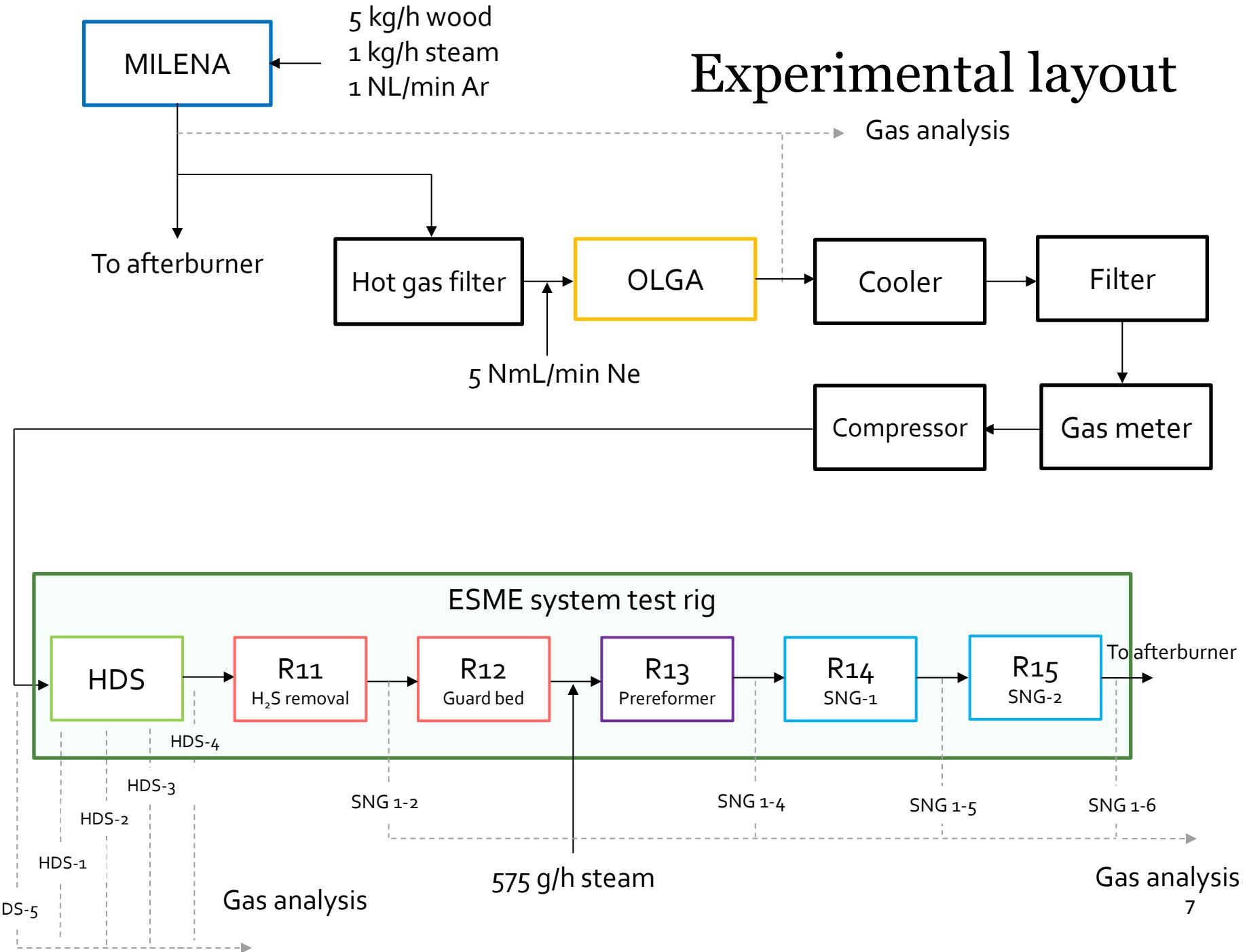
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Experimental layout



Experimental layout

MILENA

5 kg/h wood
1 kg/h steam
1 NL/min Ar

To afterburner



Gas analysis

575 g/h steam

Gas analysis

8

Gas analysis

Filter

Gas meter

R15
NG-2

SNG 1-6

HDS

HD

HDS-2

HDS-3

HDS-1

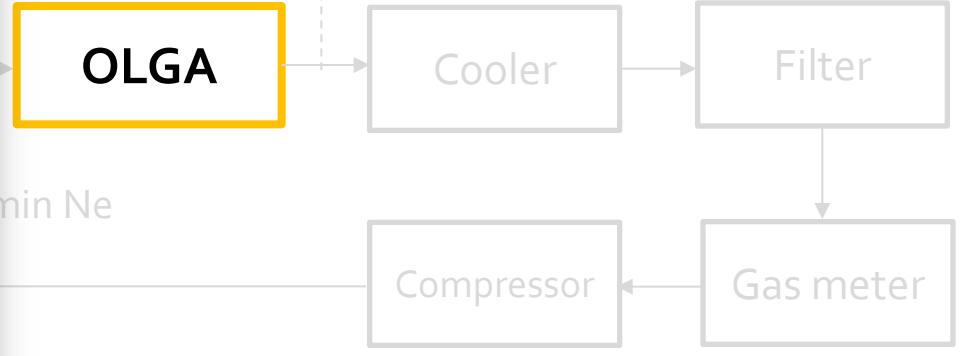
HDS-5

Experimental layout



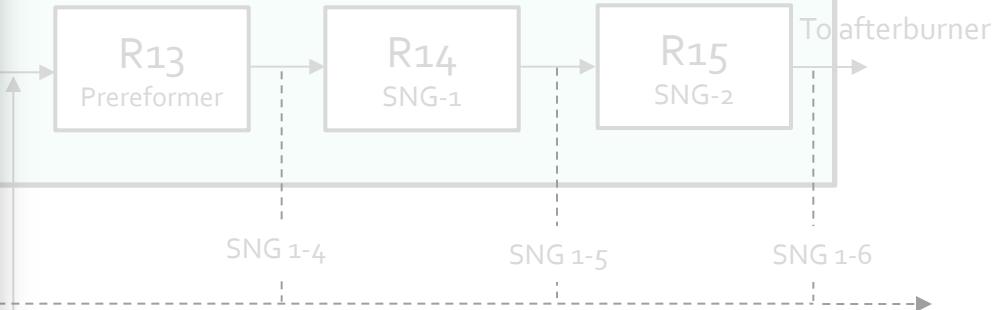
MILENA

5 kg/h wood
1 kg/h steam
1 NL/min Ar



/min Ne

system test rig



HDS-1

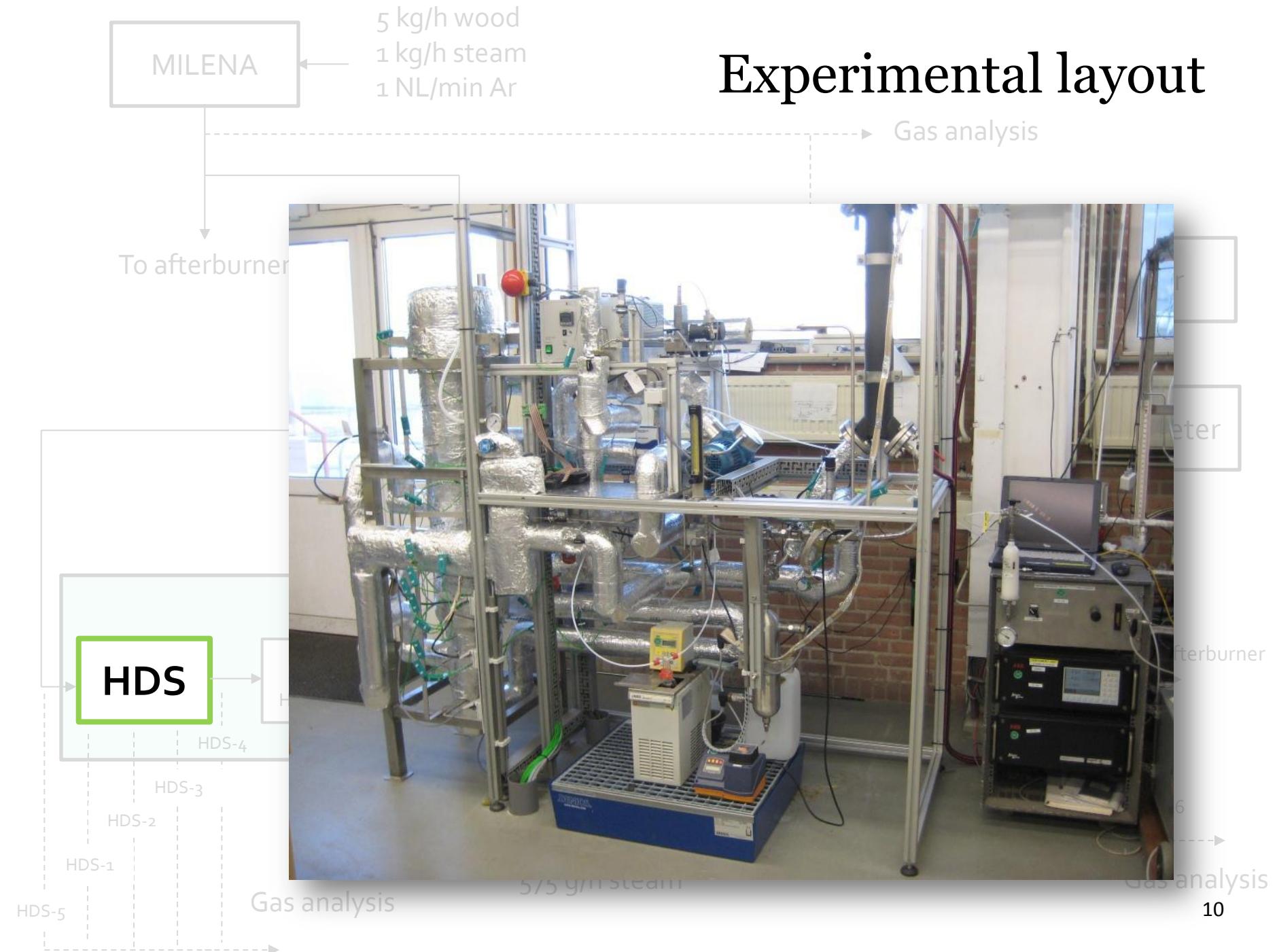
Gas analysis

HDS-5

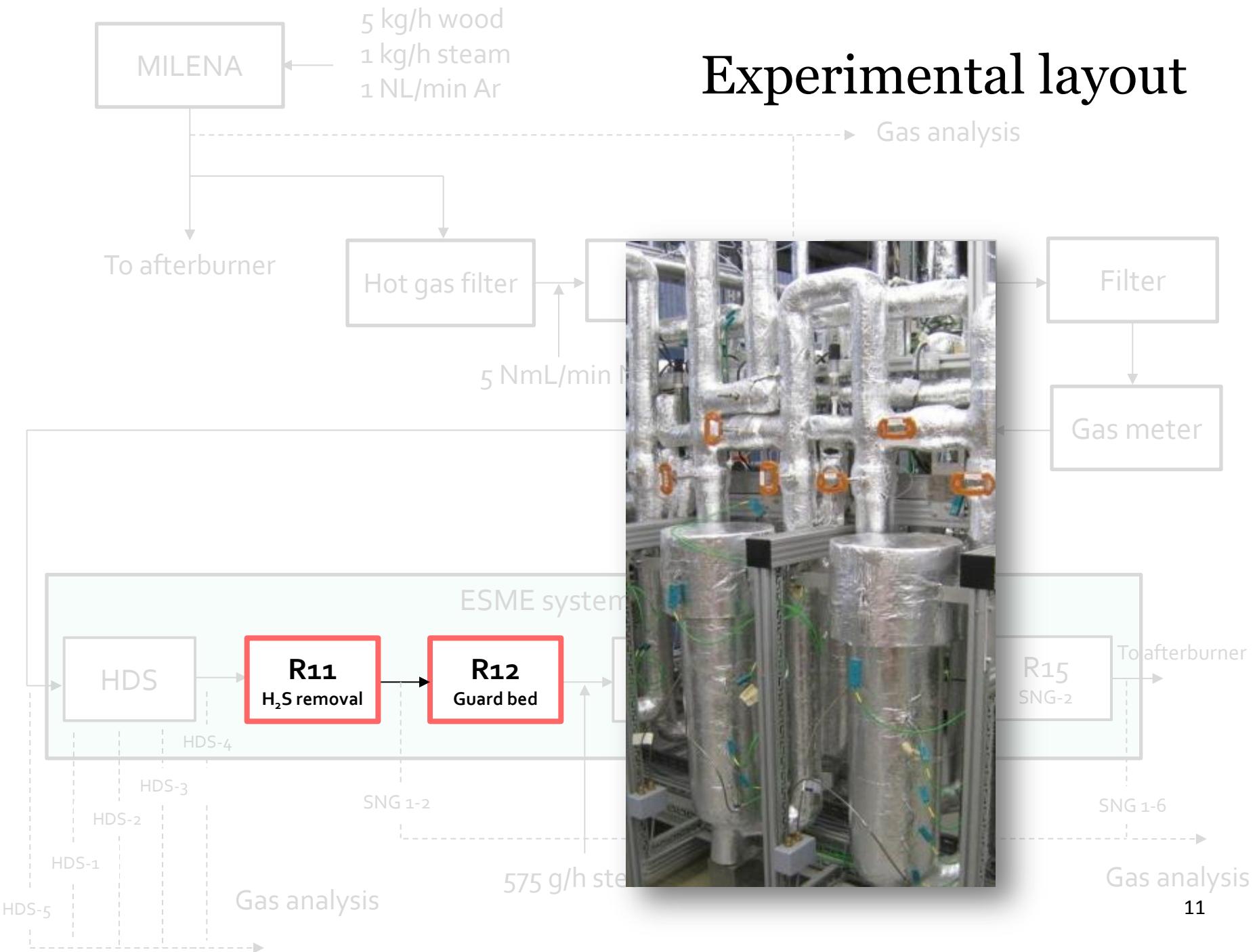
575 g/h steam

Gas analysis

Experimental layout



Experimental layout



Experimental layout



MILENA

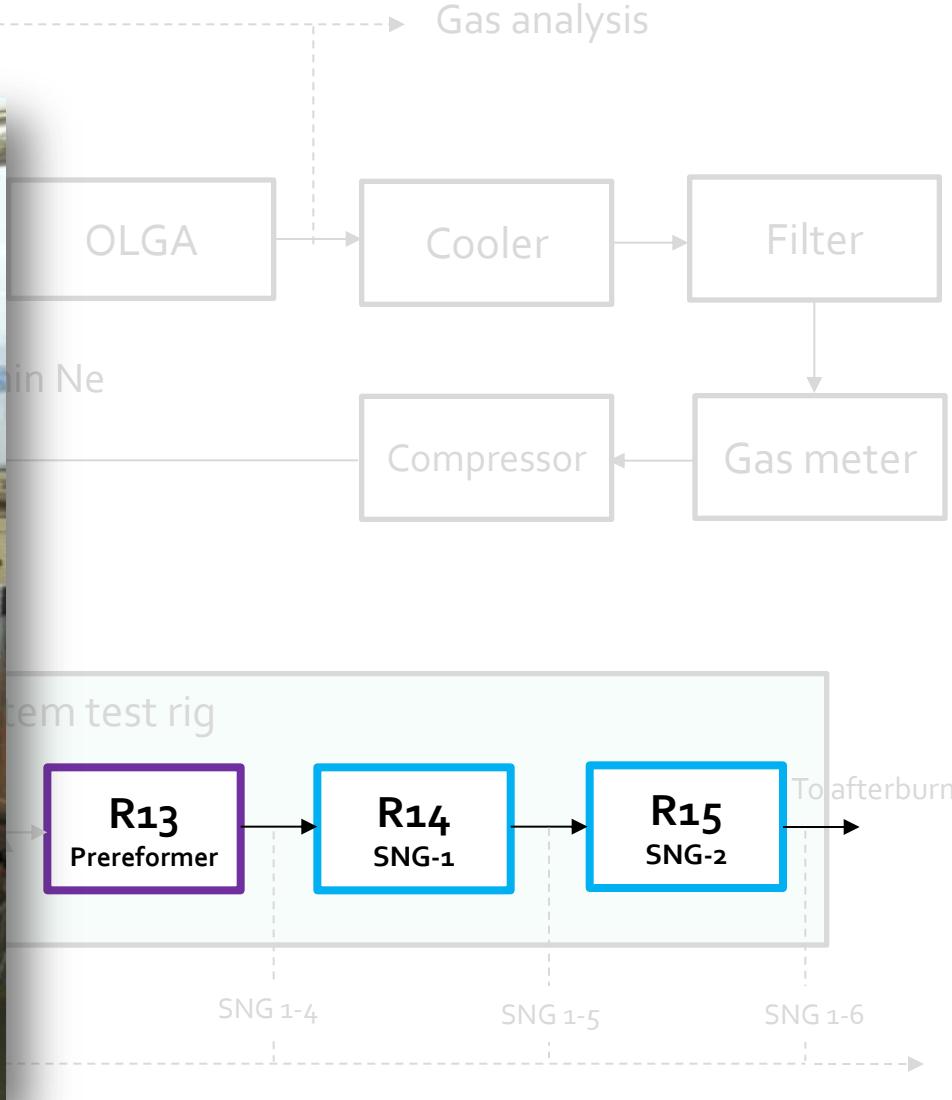
5 kg/h wood
1 kg/h steam
1 NL/min Ar

Gas analysis

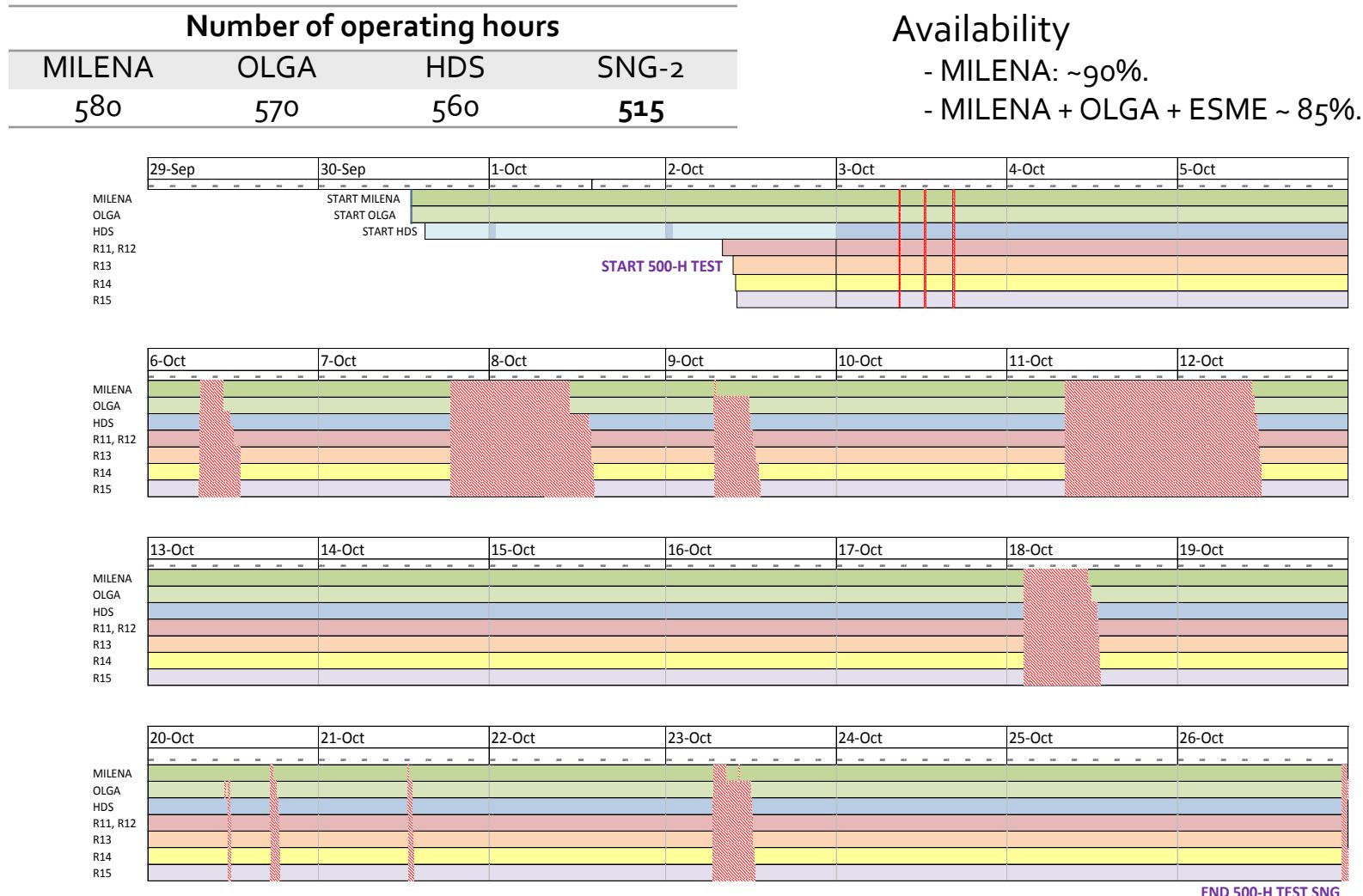
575 g/h steam

H2

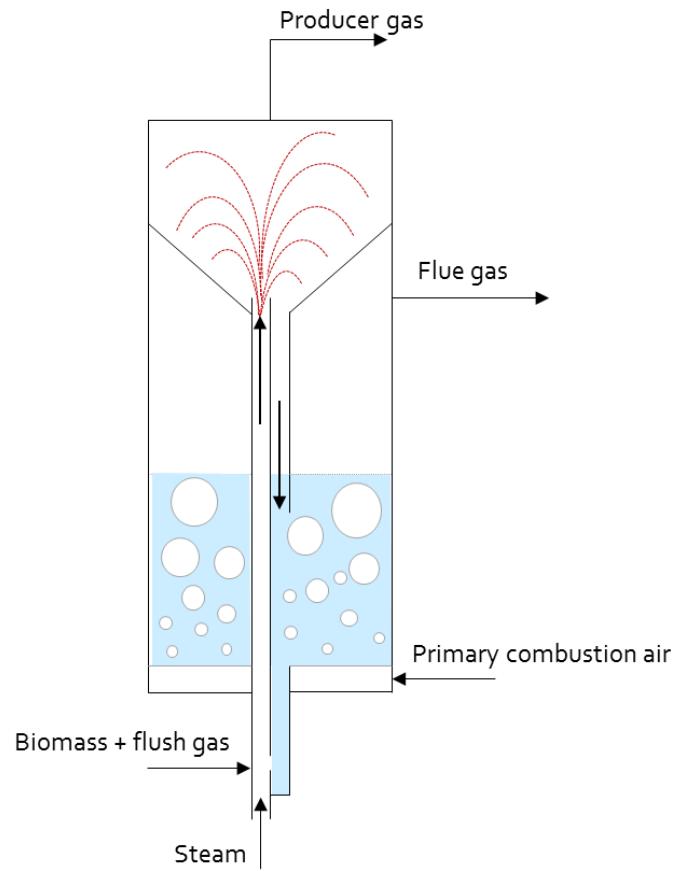
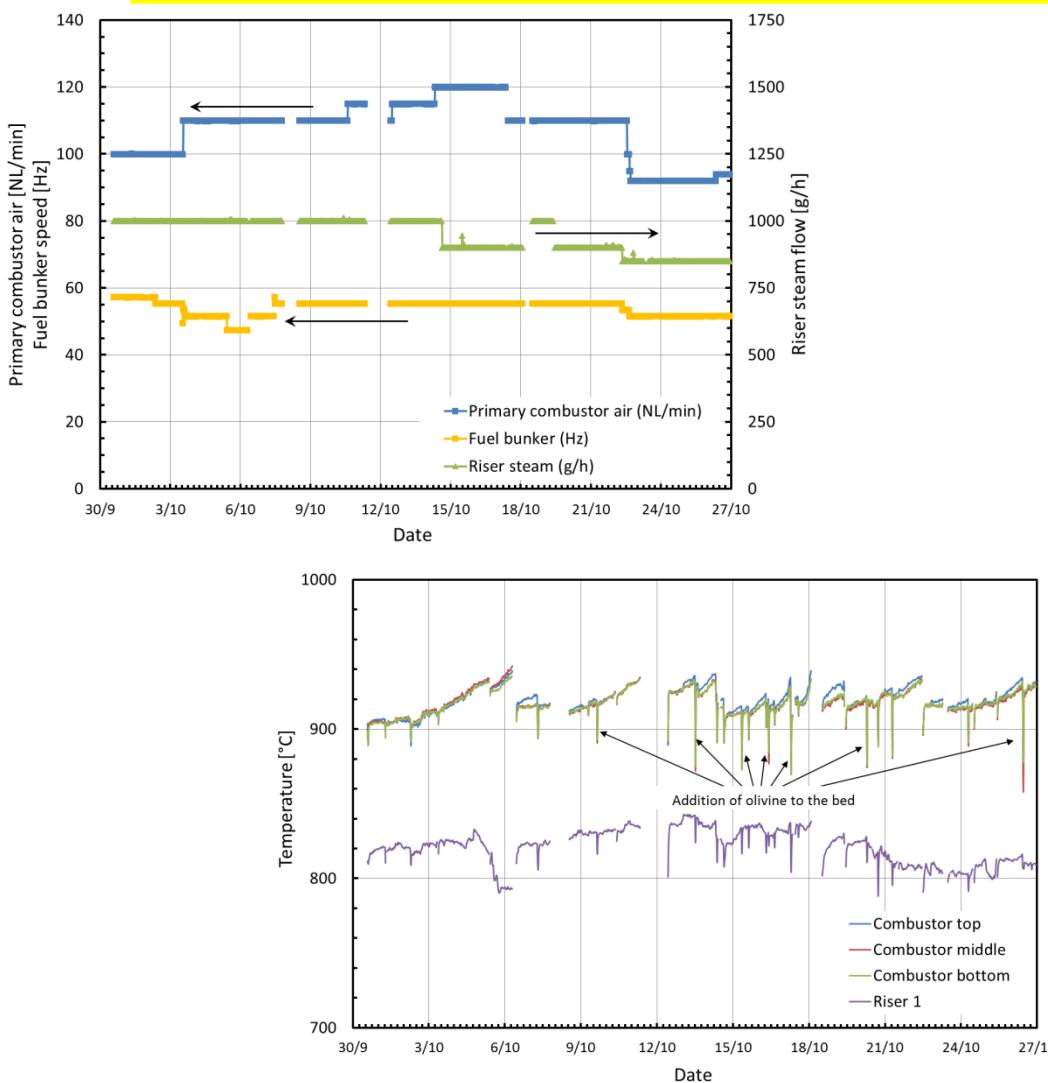
HDS-5



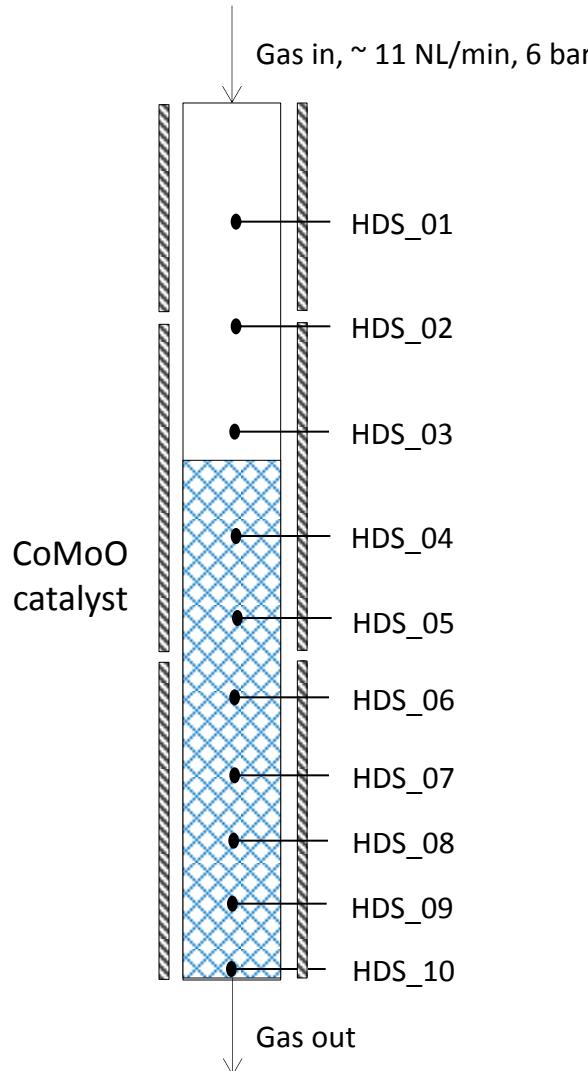
Overview 500-hour bio-SNG test



MILENA operation



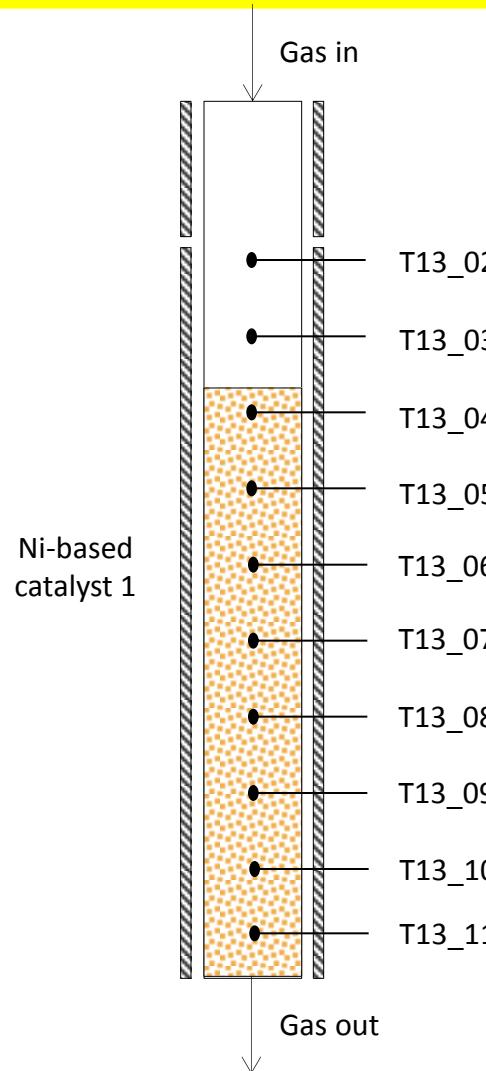
HDS unit



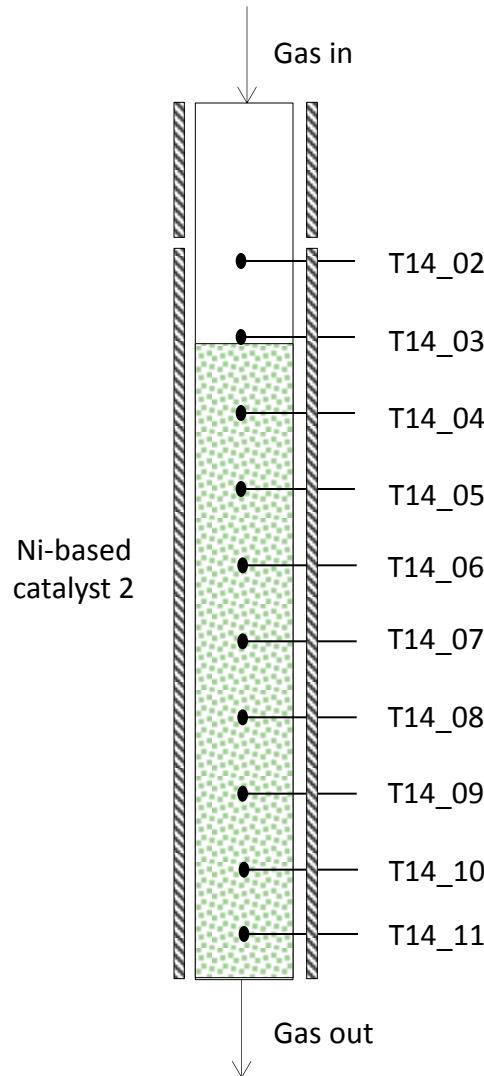
- Converts organic S (e.g. thiophene) to H_2S and COS; hydrogenates C_2H_4 and C_2H_2 into C_2H_6 .
- Fixed-bed reactor with commercial CoMoO catalyst.
- Inlet gas T set at 280°C .
- GHSV = $200\text{-}250 \text{ h}^{-1}$.
- H_2S and COS removed downstream by ZnO.

Prereformer unit, R13

- Converts aromatic HC and produces $\text{CH}_4 \rightarrow$ autothermal operation.
- Fixed-bed filled with a commercial Ni-based catalyst (19 mm diameter x 12 mm pellets).
- Operation at ~6 bar; inlet gas T set at 340°C.
- 575 g/h steam added to the gas upstream the reactor.
- GHSV ~ 2000 h⁻¹.



Methanation units, R14 & R15



- Fixed-bed filled with a commercial Ni-based catalyst (4 mm diameter x 5 mm), different from prereformer catalyst.
- R14: inlet gas T set at 230 °C.
- R15: inlet gas T set at 240 °C.
- GHSV ~ 2000 h⁻¹.

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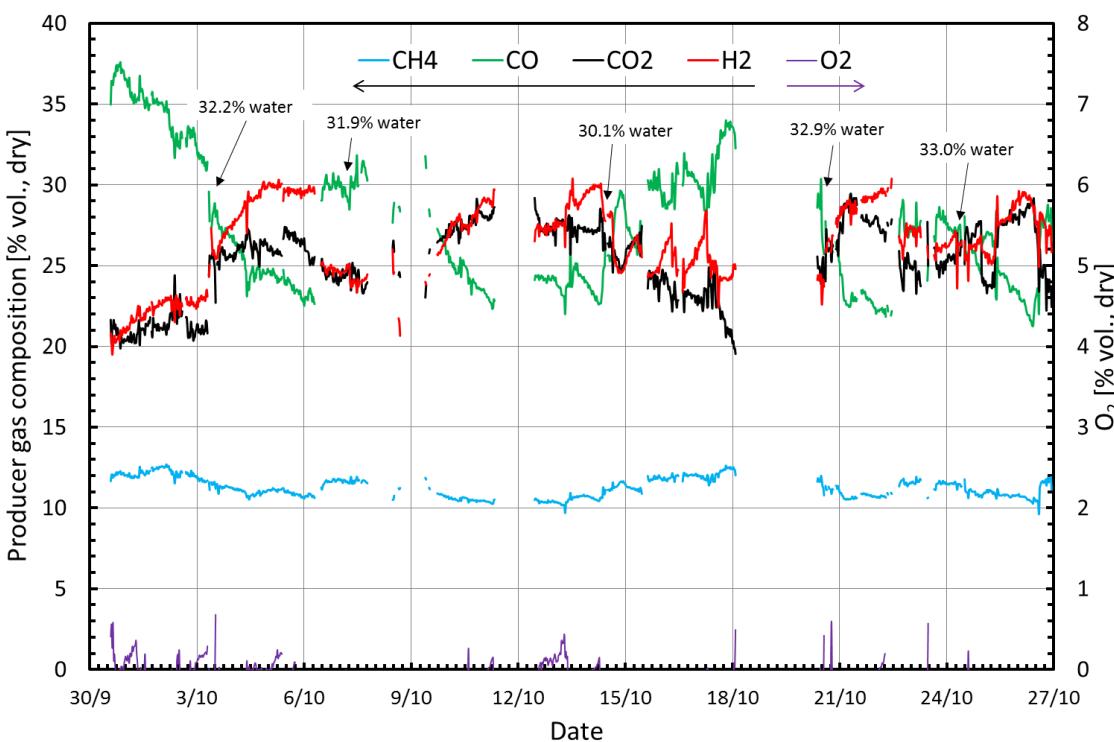
2. 500-hour experiment: test conditions

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MILENA/OLGA performance

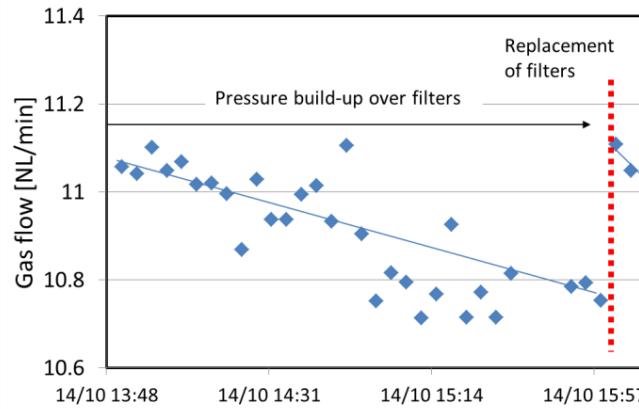
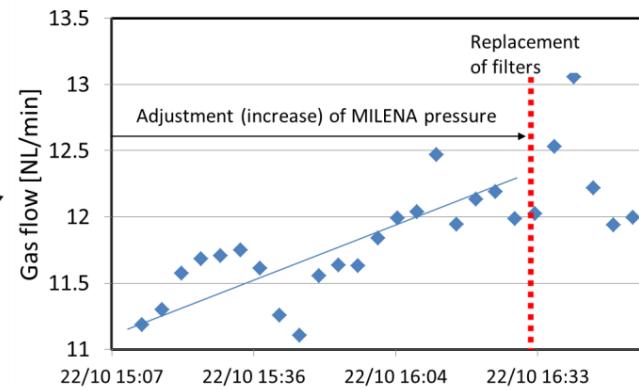
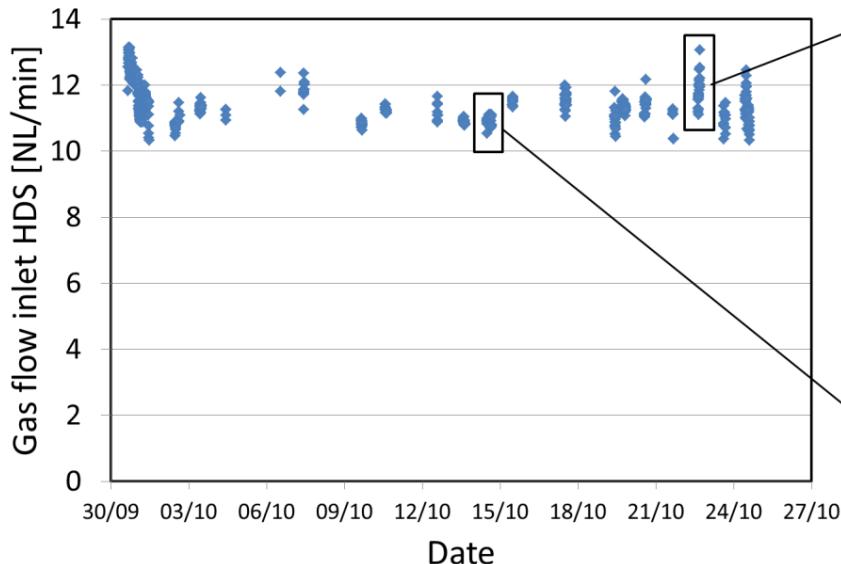
Producer gas composition:



- Trends in time: higher H₂ and CO₂, lower CO → olivine activation over time.
- After shutdown/maintenance (i.e. refilling with fresh bed material): back to initial values.
- OLGA reduces tar content from ~ 30 g/Nm³ dry to ~ 1 g/Nm³ dry (remaining mainly 1-ring compounds).

ESME performance

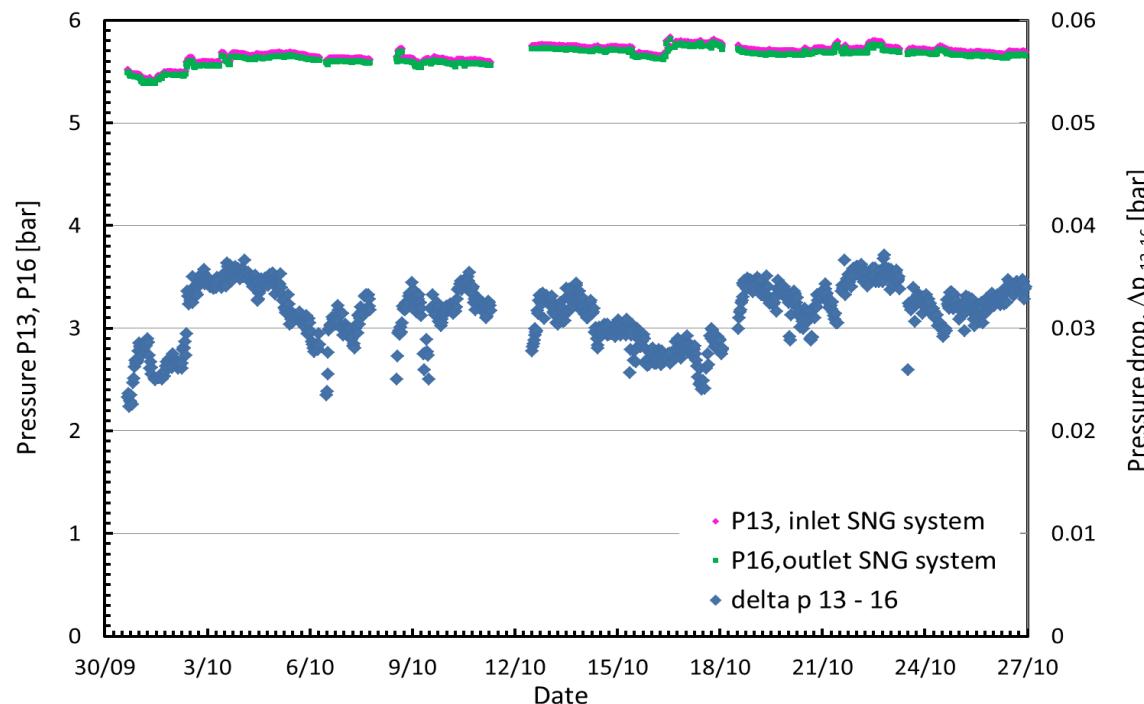
Inlet flow rate:



- Target inlet flow: 11 – 12 NL/min.
- Slight variations in flow over time (e.g. adjustment of MILENA pressure, changing flow resistance over filters, adjustment of compressor frequency).

ESME performance

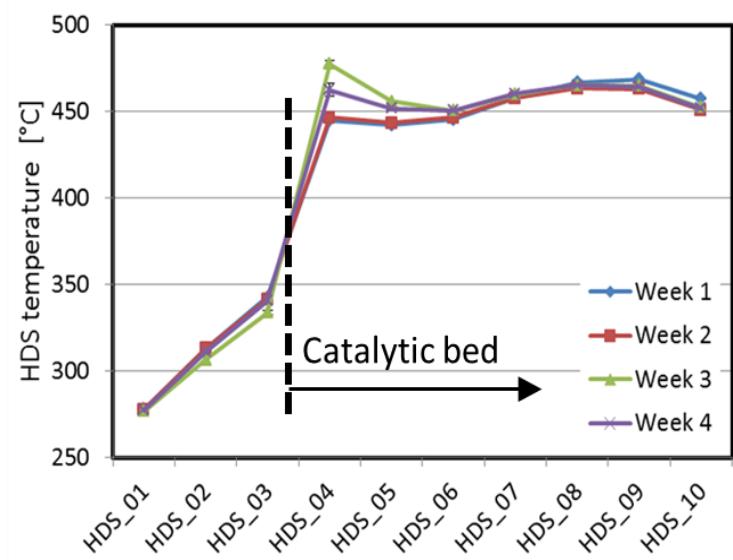
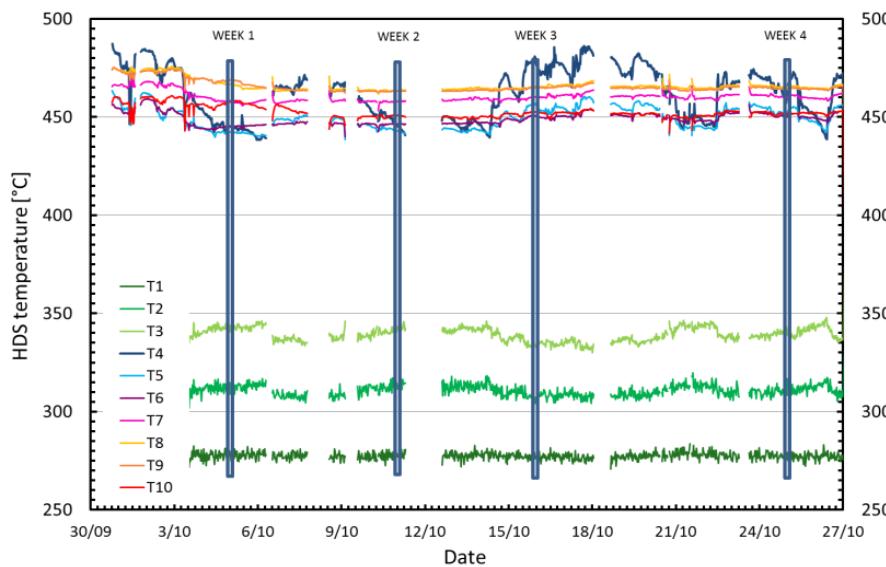
Pressure drop:



- Pressure drop over ESME (inlet R₁₃ -- outlet R₁₅) ~ 30 mbar throughout the test.
- Similarly to flow, small variations over time.
- Stability of operation of the whole methanation system.

ESME performance

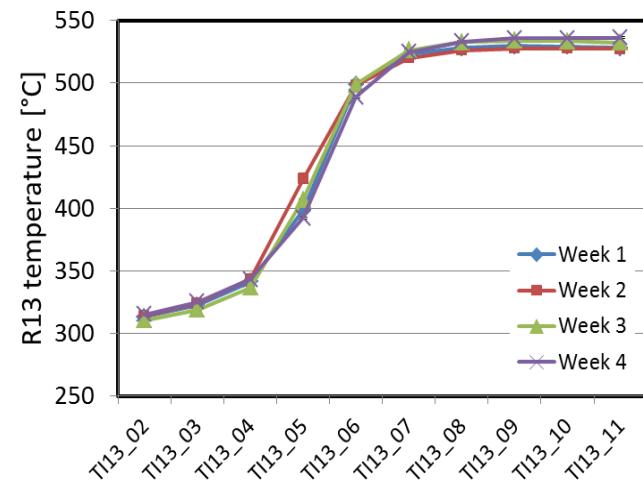
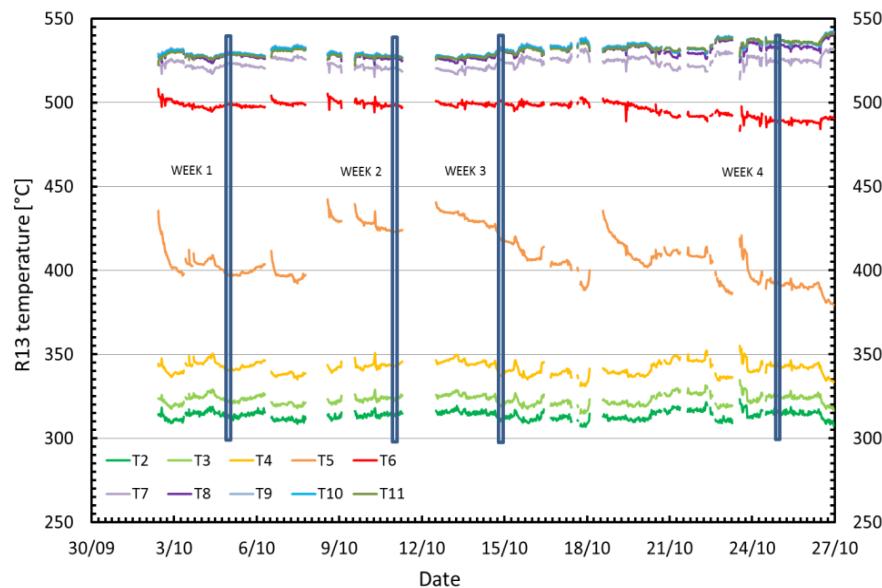
HDS temperature profile:



- Stable operation of HDS reactor.
- Irregular behavior of T4: changes in composition/flow/pressure of inlet gas.
- The HDS catalyst is able to convert organic S compounds down to detection limits.

ESME performance

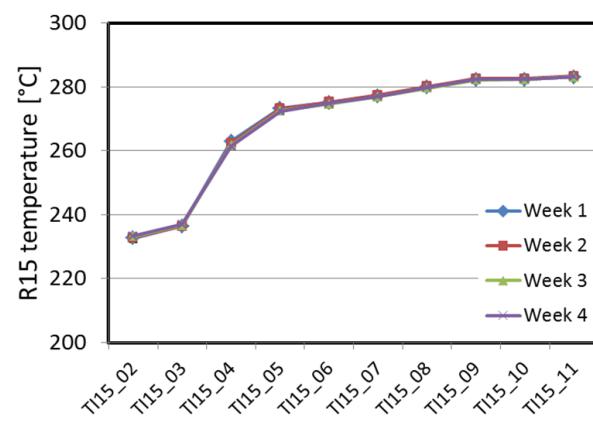
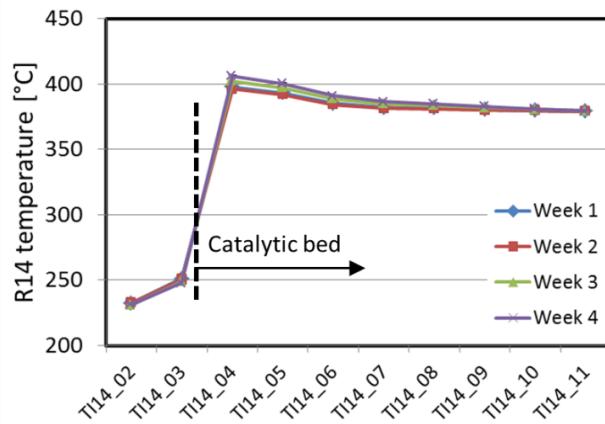
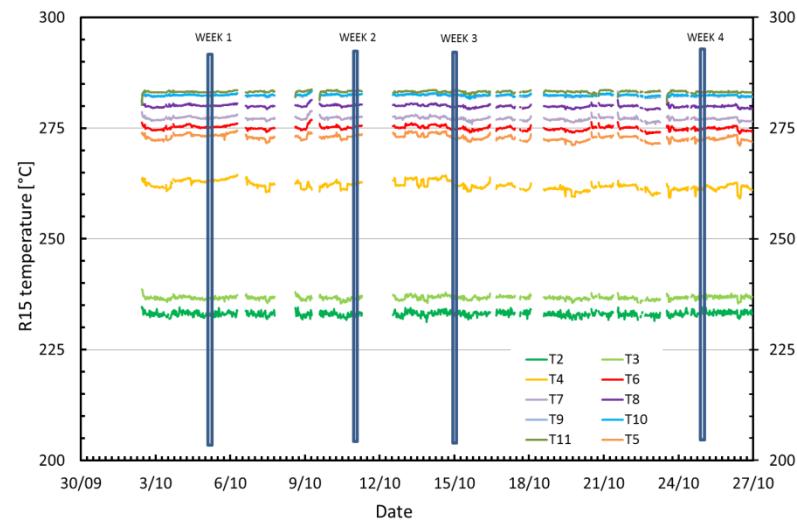
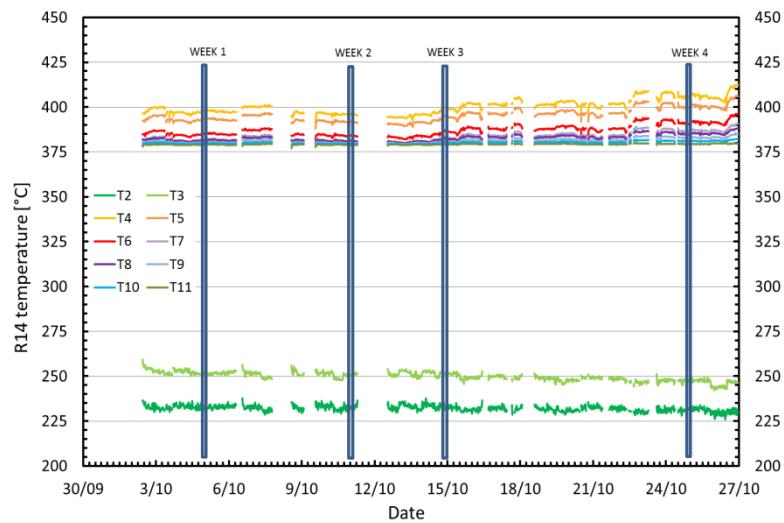
Prereformer temperature profile:



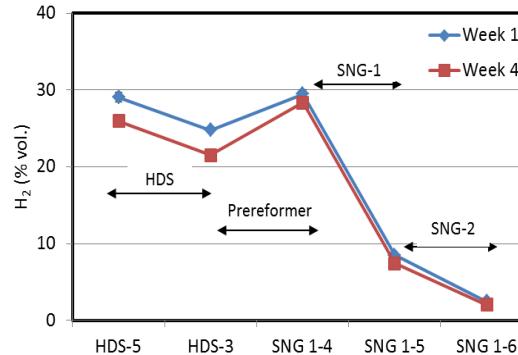
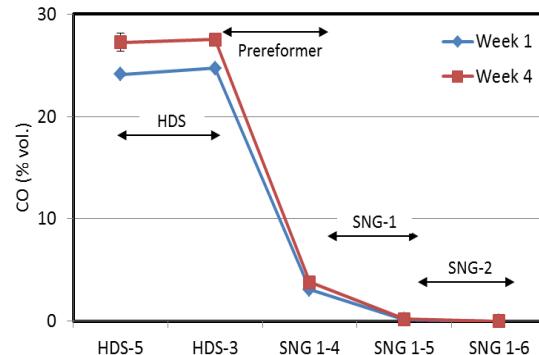
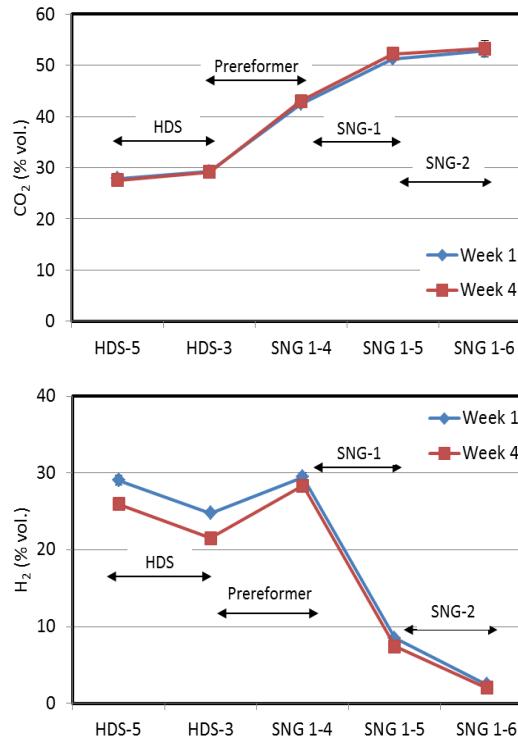
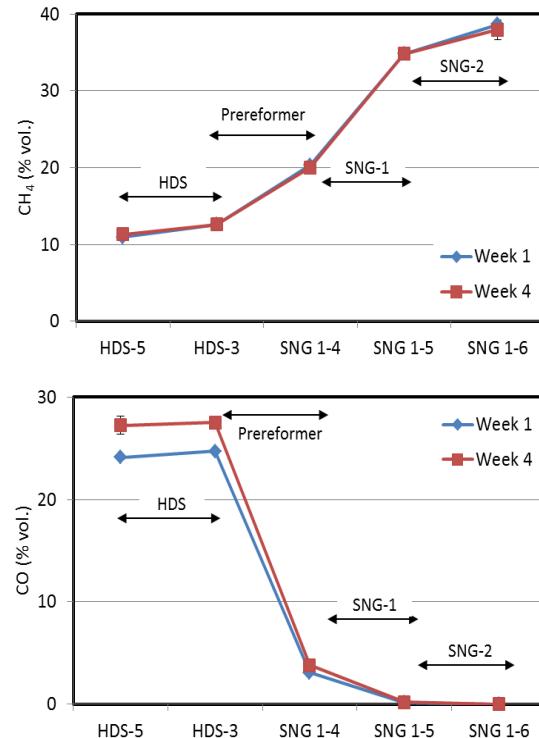
- T₅ decreases over time: catalyst deactivation or variations in pressure or flow over the system.
- Re-start after shutdown resets T₅ to initial values.
- After 500 h operation, catalyst degradation not clear from T profile.
- Negligible changes in gas composition over 500 hours.

ESME performance

Methanation-1 & 2 temperature profile:



Evolution of gas composition

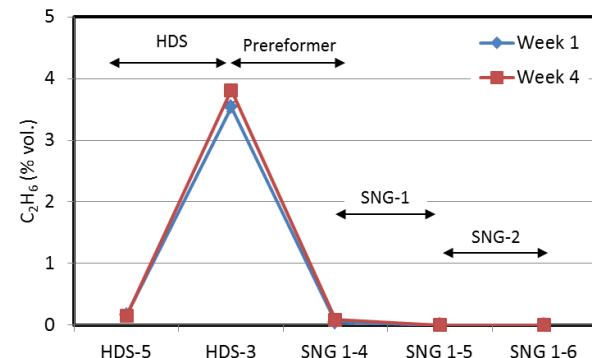
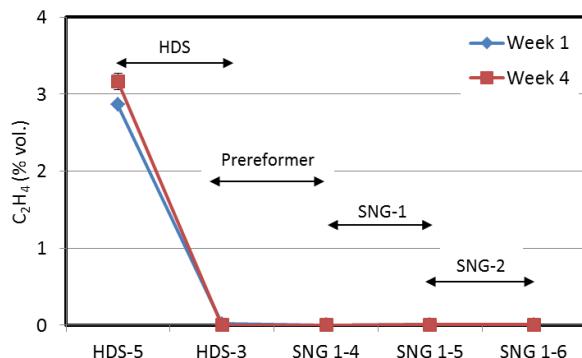
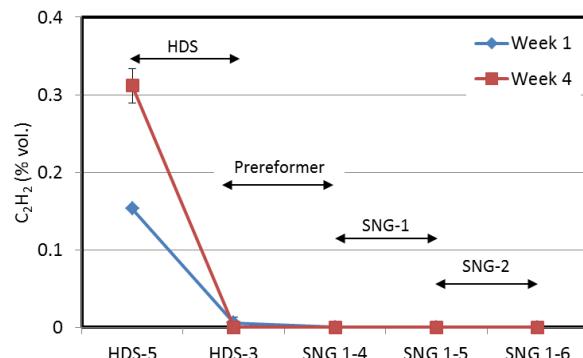


- CH_4 : from 11% vol. to ~40% vol.
- CO : from 25-28% vol. to ~100 ppmv.
- H_2 : from 26-29% vol. to ~2% vol.
- Thermodynamic equilibrium is reached.
- No apparent change in catalysts activity.

Evolution of gas composition

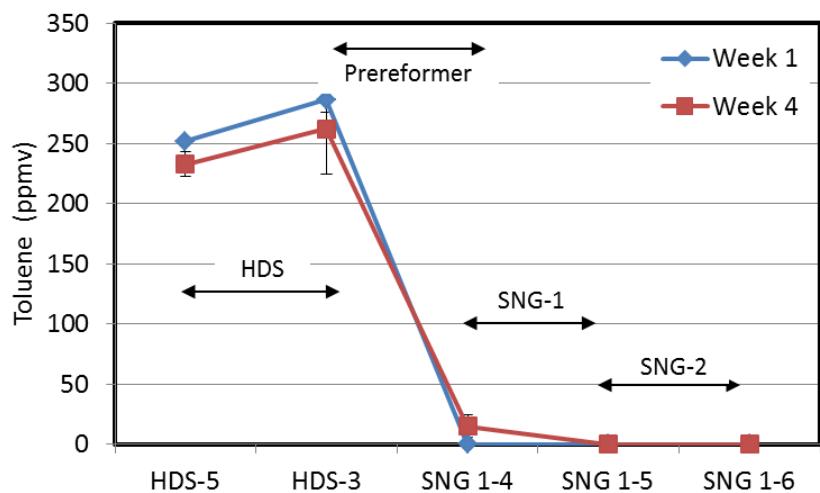
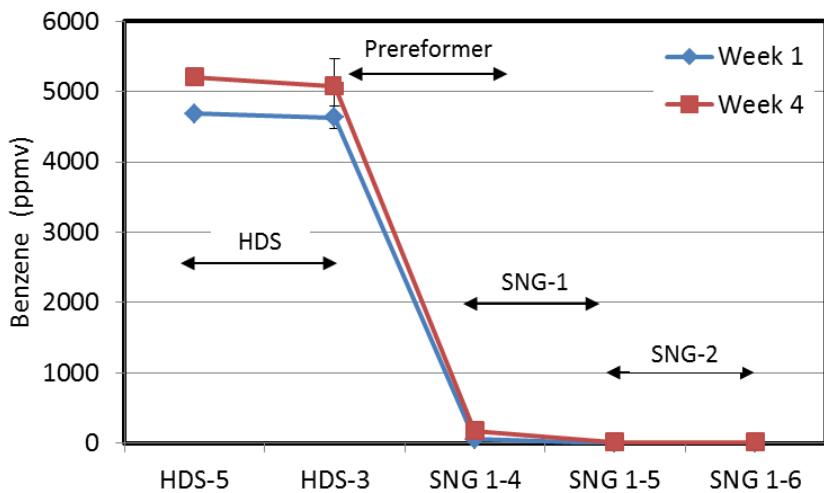
C_2H_2 , C_2H_4 , C_2H_6 :

- C_2H_4 and C_2H_2 are completely hydrogenated to C_2H_6 in the HDS unit.
- Afterwards, C_2H_6 is converted in the prereformer.
- Catalytic activity of HDS, prereformer and methanation units remains apparently constant after several hundred hours operation.



Evolution of gas composition

Benzene, toluene:



- Benzene: from 5000 ppmv dry (inlet HDS) to approximately 0 ppmv dry after R13.
- Similar trends for toluene.

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4. Conclusions

- ECN System for MEthanation (ESME): novel technology for SNG from biomass gasification.
- Successful 500-h test downstream MILENA and OLGA in October 2014:
 - MILENA availability ~ 90%; availability of (MILENA + OLGA + ESME) ~ 85%.
 - “Raw bio-SNG”: 52% vol. CO₂, 39% vol. CH₄, 2% vol. H₂, (N₂, Ar, Ne), traces of CO and C₂H₆.
 - CH₄ production also in prereformer → positive effect on the heat balance of R13.
 - Catalyst degradation not observed or near detection limits.
 - Catalytic activity of HDS, prereformer and methanation units remains apparently constant after several hundred hours operation.
- **Important step for scale-up of bioSNG production → 300 m³/h SNG pilot-scale facility planned in the Netherlands.**

Lastly...



Thanks for your attention

This work is part of the project *Advanced Gas Technology development phase 2* (AGATE2), which has received support from the Energy Delta Gas Research (EDGaR) programme. EDGaR acknowledges the contribution of funding agencies: The Northern Netherlands Provinces (SNN) Investing in your future, the European Fund for Regional Development, the Ministry of Economic Affairs, and the Province of Groningen. Part of the work has been performed within the BRISK Project, which is funded by the European Commission Seventh Framework Programme (Capacities). The work has been co-funded by the Program Subsidy from the Ministry of Economic Affairs.



Ministerie van Economische Zaken



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